

# STUNNED BY TERRIBLE LOSSES Foe Gives Up Attacks on Kemmel

VON ARNIM REFORMING HIS BATTERED FORCES AND FOR THE MOMENT QUILTS EFFORT TO CONTINUE DRIVE—OUR ARTILLERY IS VERY ACTIVE.

Stunned by their losses, the German forces in Flanders have given up for the moment their attempt to make further advances west of Mont Kemmel. Meanwhile Gen. Von Arnim is reforming his battered forces and bringing up new brigades to renew his battering against the granite defense.

After the intense fighting of Monday, in which the Germans strove desperately to enlarge their gains on the high ground north of the Lys, there has been only local fighting. Paris is again being bombarded.

Apparently the Allied commanders are content to hold on to their present line and to let the Germans make more attacks in an endeavor to drive them back. In their disastrous repulse the Germans not only failed to gain, although using larger forces than the defenders, but they were driven from some positions they had held since the capture of Mont Kemmel last week.

Along the Flanders front and in Picardy strong artillery bombardments continue. The Germans have been throwing great numbers of shells into the French positions around Hamel, south of the Somme, probably in preparation for still another attempt to drive the French back to the Aisne. A German attack in the Noyon sector brought the enemy into French positions from which, however, they were thrown out in spirited fighting.

American artillery on the Picardy front has been busy shelling enemy targets but there has been no infantry activity. On the Toul sector American aviators have brought down a German machine, the third in three weeks.

In Mesopotamia Gen. Marshall has advanced northeast of Baghdad, captured two towns and nearly 800 prisoners. The Turks avoided battle at Kifra, 10 miles northeast of Baghdad, and fled toward Kirkuk, 150 miles north and on the main road to Mosul, apparently the British objective. A retreating column was attacked and more than 500 prisoners were taken.

French troops last night took over their positions in the neighborhood of Loos, on the Flanders front, the London war office announces. The British rushed German posts in the Metzeran sector and took prisoners. Artillery combats of some intensity occurred last night on the Somme front near Villers Bretonneux and on both sides of the Aisne, southeast of Amiens says today's French war office report.

Today's official statement reveals no break in the comparative quiet on all the recently active fronts in Flanders and to the south.

In local fighting in the former area the British repulsed an attack by the Germans northeast of Ypres and took prisoners from German posts that were rushed in the vicinity of Metzeran. The French troops in Flanders carried out a small operation which was important in that it improved their position on the valuable holding ground about Loos, which protects the flank of Mont Kemmel.

On the Somme front the continuance of artillery actions of some violence is reported near Villers Bretonneux and to the south along the river.

With the British Army in Flanders, May 1—(By the Associated Press)—Gen. Von Arnim made no further move along the Flanders battle front last night, nor had an attack been expected. The heavy defeat which the Germans suffered on Monday forced them to pause and bring up fresh troops before continuing their drive for the hill positions in the Kemmel region.

The seriousness of the German intentions here have been evinced in numerous ways. On Monday, for example, they pushed at least one field gun forward to within 700 yards of the battle line and other guns were brought close up. Heavy artillery firing continued at various parts of the battle line during the night and there were the usual outpost actions. The back areas between Ypres and Hamel were heavily shelled by the Germans. An enemy attempt yesterday afternoon to cut the barbed wire at Wicltje was dispersed by artillery fire.

Emperor William appears to have been an interested and active visitor in the Flanders region yesterday. According to prisoners, he has been making his usual flamboyant speeches to troops and he said recently that the Germans were trying to separate the French and British armies, adding characteristically that the Germans were going to "put the British back on the English channel, where they belonged."

## ATTORNEY SAID WILSON OUGHT TO BE HANGED

Birmingham, Ala., April 30.—William A. Denson, an attorney of Birmingham, is held in \$5,000 bonds today by order of United States Commissioner Watts on charges of violating the espionage law. Denson is charged specifically with saying: "President Wilson ought to be hanged, and I would like to see him hanged."

## POSTPONEMENT OF IRELAND'S CONSCRIPTION

London, May 1.—An order in council has been issued further postponing the operation of the national service act, or conscription, as respects Ireland, beyond May 1, to which it had been postponed previously. Some of the morning newspapers say that the postponement is due to the government's wish to introduce a home rule bill and to see what measure of success it gets before proceeding to enforce conscription in Ireland.

## GERMANS TALK OF OFFENSIVE AGAINST ITALY

London, May 1.—It is worthy of note in connection with the official statement from Austro-Hungarian headquarters on Tuesday reporting increased activity on the Italian front, that German papers recently have been referring to a supposed impending revival of the Austrian offensive against Italy on a grand scale. The comments have read at times as if they were intended to exert pressure on Austria-Hungary to begin an attack for which the Germans are eager as a diversion on the extreme flank of the Entente front.

Lieut. Gen. Von Ardenne, in the Berliner Tageblatt, writes: "The tension amid which the world is watching the drama in France and Flanders is likely to be increased soon as the Italian theater becomes livelier. It cannot be denied that while the German people await a revival of the fighting activity there with full confidence, they also await it with impatience. Never was the opportunity for reviving an Austro-Hungarian offensive more favorable than at present."

## FIND HERRICK DEAD IN NOBLE AVENUE GARAGE

Charles Herrick, 45, formerly residing at 700 Noble avenue, was found dead beside his automobile in the garage at 667 Noble avenue early this morning. Upon investigation being made by Medical Examiner Dr. S. M. Garlick, death was found to be due to natural causes.

From facts in the possession of the authorities it was learned that the deceased was employed at the Automatic Machine Co., since he arrived here from Lynn, Mass., last November. As far as can be learned he has no relatives in Bridgeport and the nearest of his kin is a sister, Mrs. H. Joyce, of Winthrop, Me., and the police have already communicated with her.

The automobile which Herrick owned was used for him for his pleasure, and it is said that he was in the habit of making long trips when the weather permitted.

When asked what he thought was the cause of the death, Dr. Garlick said that to the best of his belief Herrick suffered from a cardiac complaint and was stricken with heart failure while putting his car up for the night.

When the body was discovered this morning it was found that the door of the garage was left wide open all night and it was this fact that caused passers by to investigate.

## BELGIANS SEND PROTEST TO HUNS

Washington, May 1.—An official dispatch from Holland says the 700,000 Belgians have sent a letter to the Belgian senators and deputies to the governor general protesting against the treatment of Belgians. Many of the population, some of them under 16 and others over 50 years of age, have been taken from their homes to the Flanders front or to the north of France to work while exposed to bombs and shell fire.

## OFFICERS NAMED IN LATEST U. S. CASUALTY LIST

General Pershing Reports Names of Seventy-Two Men in Today's List.

## EIGHT KILLED IN ACTUAL WARFARE

Two Lieutenants Are Reported As Missing in Action—5 Wounded.

Washington, May 1.—The casualty list today contained 72 names, as follows:

Killed in action, 8; died of wounds, 1; died of accident, 1; died of disease, 3; died of other causes, 1; wounded, severely, 5; wounded slightly, 51; missing in action, 2.

Three officers were named, Lieut. William H. Jenkins and Franklin B. Pedrick are missing in action, and Lieut. Nathan C. Reed was wounded slightly.

Killed in action—Sergeant Arvid A. Cederholm, Corporals John F. Giles, George Fritzback, Privates James O. Carey, Earl R. Clark, Clarence B. Coe, Clinton W. DeForest, James N. Joyce.

Died of disease—Privates Louis Lorraine Barnett, Charles H. Bolden, Benjamin Hill.

Died of wounds—Private Lyndon L. Casey.

Died of accident—Private John Peat.

Died of other causes—Private Howard A. Mowery.

Wounded severely—Corporals Walter G. Caul, John Murray, Privates Raphael Carbo, John J. Cook, Robert B. Remington.

Wounded slightly—Lieut. Nathaniel C. Reed, Corporals Edward D. Brown, Daniel Caplet, Leon T. Colman, Bernard F. Cunningham, James E. Denice, Joseph A. Dixon, John C. Fleming, James C. Frey, Carroll W. Lewson, Alfred Morin, W. H. Whitman; Sergeants George A. Gillespie, Chester Smith, Mechanics Arthur F. Prescott, Francis D. Quigley, Cook Victor A. Tatro, Privates Alfred John Appleyard, Angelo Ballandelli, Harold V. Boggs, John H. Breen, Dufri Cerullo, Chester J. Cooper, Napoleon Duhamel, Daniel D. Erwin, Louis Farona, Albert Fliteau, Walter H. Fisher, William S. Foster, Bernard R. Garrity, Thomas M. Gavain, George E. Gochie, Austin E. Harlow, James W. Hyatt, Harold R. Johnson, Alfred J. Justice, Thomas Kiely, Thomas G. Lawton, William H. Nicholson, Mike Paternostro, Rozard J. Polizzotti, Lester J. Rotch, Frank C. Schroeder, William Stomski, Henry A. Sullivan, William J. Tatro, John W. Thomas, Leroy F. Webber, August H. Wigren, James Zambone, Joseph Zapolsky.

Missing in action—Lieuts. William H. Jenkins, Franklin B. Pedrick.

## NEWTOWN SOLDIER GIVEN DECORATION

Lieutenant William E. Barnett of Newtown is among the members of the American Expeditionary forces decorated for bravery upon the battlefield in France. He is a son of the Rev. and Mrs. Francis W. Barnett, and went to France with his regiment last summer. He has two brothers, both clergymen, in the service, one as a chaplain in France, and one as a private in a New York organization.

## OHIO TAKES THE LEAD IN SEGREGATING UNFIT

Most constructive step ever taken for the protection of society from contaminating influences—BUREAU OF RESEARCH FORMED.

## ASSASSIN WHOSE ACT CAUSED WAR DIES IN PRISON

Columbus, O., May 1.—Ohio set in motion today what state officials say is the most constructive movement ever attempted in the United States for the classification and segregation of the socially unfit and the protection of society from their contaminating influence.

Dr. Henry H. Goddard, a scientist, will head the new bureau of juvenile research, the first of its kind in the United States. Under the juvenile research law all wayward and defective youths are to be committed by the courts to the Ohio board of administration. In this way the children will come to the bureau of juvenile research and will be detained there for observation and for scientific tests. Investigators will visit the homes where surroundings and antecedent conditions will be looked into.

With the complete records the bureau when it decides whether the children are normal or defective. Defectives will remain in the custody of the state and will be assigned to proper institutions for treatment. Normally delinquent children, whenever possible, will be placed in private homes, where they may benefit by wholesome moral influence and good training.

An appropriation of \$100,000 has been made for a building to house the bureau.

London, May 1.—Gavrio Prinzip, the assassin of Archduke Francis Ferdinand, died yesterday in a fortress near Prague of tuberculosis, telegraphs the correspondent in The Hague of the Exchange Telegraph Co.

Prinzip shot to death the Austrian archduke and his wife while they were on a visit to the Bosnian capital on June 28, 1914, and out of this double murder the European war developed. Prinzip, who was a student, was found guilty and was sentenced to 20 years.

## ARE HOPING FOR EXTRA BILLION

All Records Broken for Number of Persons to Buy Liberty Bonds.

## WILSON TO AID \$50 BOND DRIVE

President to Purchase Installment Bond from Theatre Box.

Washington, May 1.—All records for number of subscribers to Liberty loans were broken today, when treasury tabulations show that 12,000,000 persons have bought bonds of the third issue. Subscriptions today sent the total above the \$2,500,000,000 mark.

With four days remaining, the number of subscribers is 2,500,000 more than the 9,500,000 of the second loan and nearly three times the 4,500,000 of the first loan. Under the stimulus of the active canvass of the few days, and the "Buy Another Bond" movement, the treasury hopes to raise the subscription roll to the 20,000,000 sought by Secretary McAdoo and total subscription to a billion or two beyond the \$4,000,000,000 minimum.

The "Buy Another Bond" appeal reached President Wilson today and although he already had subscribed for nearly \$30,000 of third Liberty bonds, he agreed to buy a \$50 bond on the installment plan, in accord with the standard suggestion of the "Buy Another" solicitors. Since this appeal is sounded particularly by four-minute speakers at theatres, the president said he would enter this subscription some evening this week when he attends a theatre. He added that he hoped a million or more other Americans would "Buy Another Bond."

Loan headquarters immediately telegraphed local organizations to communicate word of the president's subscription to four minute men, theatre managers, newspaper men and loan workers in an effort to round up a million to follow his example. Subscriptions of any size will be welcomed, but special effort will be made to get persons of moderate means to buy \$50 bonds.

## SLEW DEFAMER OF U. S. FLAG; GIVEN LIBERTY

Honolulu, May 1.—A jury deliberating 6 minutes yesterday acquitted Capt. Henry Allen, retired sea captain who, April 14 last shot and killed S. J. Walker for cursing American flag.

Immediately following acquittal Allen was surrounded by soldiers, draping a flag about him, formed a body guard as he left the court. Walker, while dying said he had been shot after condemning the United States, expressing the wish that all American soldiers in Europe would be killed.

## SUPREME COURT GIVES NEW TRIAL TO MRS. GILLIGAN

Hartford, May 1.—Mrs. Amy E. Archer Gilligan is to have a new trial for her life. Her appeal from the death sentence in the lower court was granted yesterday by the Supreme Court of Errors, thus adding another chapter to a murder case which is without precedent in Connecticut—a case recalling from history the name of Lucretia Borgia and her career of horror; a case overshadowing the notorious Moliniaux case of the recent past.

The opinion was written by Justice Beach. All the justices concurred in the result; but Justices Roraback and Wheeler dissented from the reasoning of the majority of the court, arriving at their conclusions for reasons other than those given in the opinion.

One paragraph in the opinion apparently sums up the reasons for the finding of error and the ordering of a new trial in the case. It relates to the fact that although one specific death was chosen by the prosecution to show murder by poisoning, evidence was introduced concerning other deaths, which in the opinion of the Supreme court was inadmissible.

## MISCHLER HELD ON THEFT CHARGE

Meriden, May 1.—Eugene Mischler, 44, who has been foreman of the engraving department in Factory E of the International Silver Co., known as the Meriden Britannia Co., who became successor to his father, Geo. Mischler as first selectman two years ago, was held in \$500 bonds by the city court here today for a hearing next Monday. The charges are theft and fraud and are said to have been brought following complaints that the payroll in the department had been padded. The figures of theft are said to be about \$1,500. Mischler is married and has four children.

## POPE ALSO WILL SEEK MAY 7TH TO END WAR; KING CHARLES ACTIVE

HUN PRESS PUBLISHES STORY ABOUT FRESH PEACE OVERTURES—FAILURE OF DRIVE AGAINST WEST FRONT OF ALLIES BELIEVED REASON.

London, May 1.—The Cologne papers are publishing a story to the effect that the Pope is about to make another appeal to the powers for peace. The appeal is to be made on Whit-Sunday May 19.

This is not the first report emanating from Germany that the Pope is about to make another bid for peace and many leaders of the clerical party have openly admitted that there is another movement for the cessation of hostilities well under way.

Simultaneously with the above report comes word that Prince Sixtus of Bourbon-Parma, to whom the famous letter was written by Emperor Charles offering peace to France, has visited King Alfonso of Spain and immediately after a conference with the Spanish ruler left Madrid for the Belgian front.

At the same time a report reached Stockholm that Emperor Charles was making a fresh peace attempt and was appealing to Italy to consider it in her own interests.

That a "peace offensive" would be made by the Central Powers in the event that the great German offensive on the western front proved to be abortive has been freely predicted. This may be the beginning.

The Neuste Nachrichten of Munich, Bavaria, on April 27, said the Pope would make a peace offer as soon as the western offensive had assumed a new phase. The Bavarian newspaper said the appeal would take the form of "a word of warning addressed to the universal conscience."

In commenting upon the visit of Prince Sixtus to King Alfonso, the leading Spanish newspaper, Madrid Sol, says "The Prince was accompanied by his brother Prince Xavier and it is understood that he gave to the King full explanations on the subject of his correspondence with his Hapsburg relatives. It is further a significant fact that immediately after the conference the two princes left Madrid for the Belgian front."

Pope Benedict's peace proposals last August were preceded by reports

through neutral countries that he was about to take such action. The pope proposed the restoration of territory captured by the Central powers; peaceful settlement of the Alsace-Lorraine-Trentino and Polish questions, and reductions of all armament. President Wilson, replying, refused the proposals. The reply of the Central powers, made some days later, expressed hope that the pope's efforts would result in a cessation of hostilities.

All that can be said about these rumors, the Times says, is that they are not inherently incredible.

The dual monarchy and its ruler unquestionably are in a highly critical position, the newspaper continues, and it may well be that the youthful emperor is trying to tempt Italy, possibly also Belgium, as he tried to tempt France.

The result of any such efforts would of course, it is added, be the same. They would interest the Allies only as fresh indications that the emperor is conscious of the dangers which menace him and is seeking for a way to escape. The Times continues:

"Have the Hapsburgs the wisdom and courage to face the facts?"

## NEW ENGLAND WORKING HARD TO FILL QUOTA

Boston, May 1.—Bent on obtaining more than the minimum allotment of \$250,000,000 in the Boston federal reserve district, Liberty loan, committees went to work today to pile up subscriptions in every community that had failed so far to reach its quota. New England lacked yesterday \$41,000,000 of its quota.

Maine and New Hampshire have exceeded their quotas, and while the Vermont committee has laid claim to the honor of being the first New England state to raise more than was expected, its completed subscriptions had not been forwarded to the federal reserve bank here last night. There was great activity yesterday in Connecticut, whose percentage was 94.5, and in Massachusetts and Rhode Island, each of which had obtained 90 per cent. of its allotment.

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